IDEA Student Ratings of Instruction Learning Objectives



Basic Cognitive Background

- 1. Gaining factual knowledge (terminology, classifications, methods, trends)
- 2. Learning fundamental principles, generalizations, or theories

Application of Learning

- 3. Learning to apply course material (to improve thinking, problem solving, and decisions)
- 4. Developing specific skills, competencies, and points of view needed by professionals in the field most closely related to this course

Expressiveness

- 6. Developing creative capacities (writing, inventing, designing, performing in art, music, drama, etc.)
- 8. Developing skill in expressing oneself orally or in writing

Intellectual Development

- 7. Gaining a broader understanding and appreciation of intellectual/cultural activity (music, science, literature, etc.)
- 10. Developing a clearer understanding of, and commitment to, personal values
- 11. Learning to analyze and critically evaluate ideas, arguments, and points of view

Lifelong Learning

- 9. Learning how to find and use resources for answering questions or solving problems
- 12. Acquiring an interest in learning more by asking questions and seeking answers

Team Skills

5. Acquiring skills in working with others as a member of a team

IDEA Student Ratings of Instruction Five Teaching Approaches



Stimulating Student Interest

- 4. Demonstrated the importance and significance of the subject matter
- 8. Stimulated students to intellectual effort beyond that required by most courses
- 13. Introduced stimulating ideas about the subject
- 15. Inspired students to set and achieve goals which really challenged them

Fostering Student Collaboration

- 5. Formed "teams" or "discussion groups" to facilitate learning
- 16. Asked students to share ideas and experiences with others whose backgrounds and viewpoints differ from their own
- 18. Asked students to help each other understand ideas or concepts

Establishing Rapport

- 1. Displayed a personal interest in students and their learning
- 2. Found ways to help students answer their own questions
- 7. Explained the reasons for criticisms of students' academic performance
- 20. Encouraged student-faculty interaction outside of class (office visits, phone calls, e-mail, etc.)

Encouraging Student Involvement

- 9. Encouraged students to use multiple resources (e.g. data banks, library holdings, outside experts) to improve understanding
- 11. Related course material to real life situations
- 14. Involved students in "hands on" projects such as research, case studies, or "real life" activities
- 19. Gave projects, tests, or assignments that required original or creative thinking

Structuring Classroom Experiences

- 3. Scheduled course work (class activities, tests, projects) in ways which encouraged students to stay up to date on their work
- 6. Made it clear how each topic fit into the course
- 10. Explained course material clearly and concisely
- 12. Gave tests, projects, etc. that covered the most important points of the course
- 17. Provided timely and frequent feedback on tests, reports, projects, etc. to help students improve